

23 July 2024

Survey on Water Supply and Sewerage Year 2022

Main results

- The average water consumption of households was 128 litres per inhabitant per day in 2022, 3.9% less than in 2020.
- The unit cost of water rose by 0.3%, to 1.92 euros per cubic metre.

More information

- [Detailed national results and by Autonomous Community](#)
- [Water indicators / Infographic](#)

During 2022, 4,252 cubic hectometres (hm³) of water was supplied to the public urban water supply, 0.2% more than in the previous survey, conducted in 2020. Approximately three-quarters (3,151 hm³) were volumes of recorded water, that is, measured in the users' meters. The rest (1,101 hm³) were volumes of unrecorded water (not measured or estimated by capacities).

Volumes of water supplied to the network. Year 2022

Cubic hectometres (hm³)

	hm ³	Biennial variation (in %)
Recorded water	3,151	-0.8
Unrecorded water	1,101	3.3
Total water supplied to the network	4,252	0.2

By user type, household water consumption fell by 3.5% between 2022 and 2020, while that of economic sectors increased by 5.5% and municipal consumptions rose by 6.3%.

Volumes of water recorded and distributed. Year 2022

Cubic hectometres (hm³)

	hm ³	% of the total	Biennial variation (in %)
Households	2,212	70.2	-3.5
Economic sectors	650	20.6	5.5
Municipal consumptions	289	9.2	6.3
TOTAL	3,151	100	-0.8

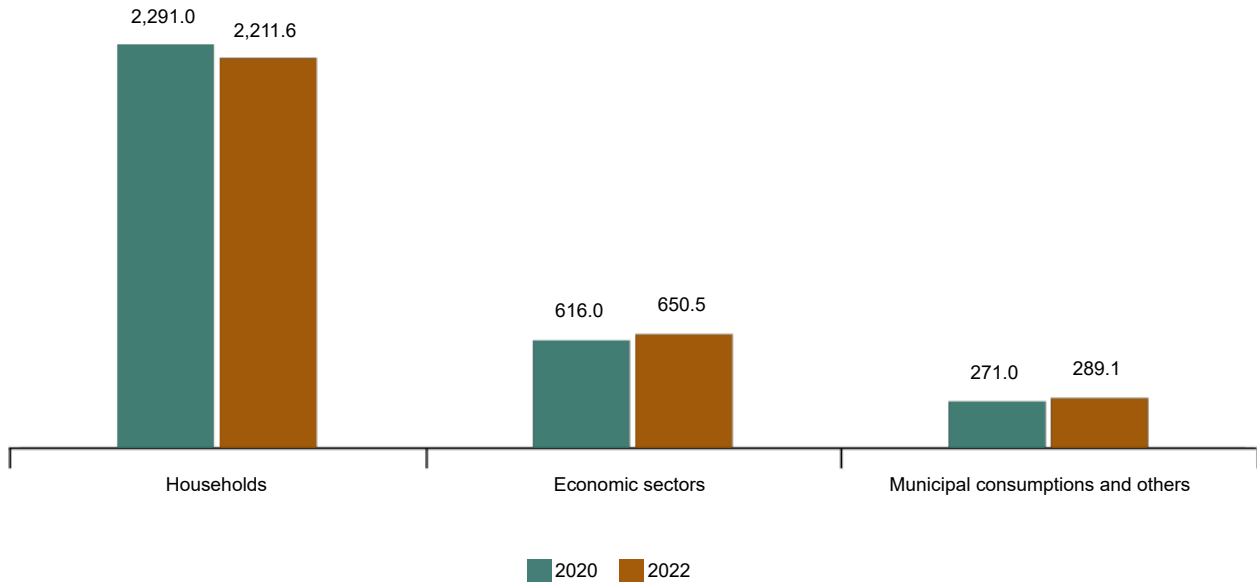
Unrecorded water is disaggregated into actual and apparent losses. Actual losses (leaks, burst pipes and supply network faults) were estimated at 653 hm³, which amounted to 15.4% of the total of water supplied to

those networks.

Meanwhile, apparent losses (metering errors, fraud and authorised but not metered consumptions) accounted for 378 hm³.

Volumes of water recorded and distributed to users. Year 2022

Cubic hectometres (hm³)



Current press release at: <https://www.ine.es/dyngs/Prensa/en/ESSA2022.htm>

Average household water consumption

Average household water consumption –calculated as a quotient between the total volume of water recorded and distributed to households and the resident population on 1 July each year– was 128 litres per inhabitant per day in 2022, a decrease of 3.9% compared with 2020.

Unit cost of water

The unit cost of water stood at 1.92 euros per cubic metre in 2022, an increase of 0.3% compared with the figure for 2020. This cost is defined as the quotient between the amounts paid for the supply of water plus those paid for sewerage, purification and sanitation or discharge fees, and the volume of water metered and distributed to all users.

The unit cost of water supplied stood at €1.16 per cubic metre, 2.0% more than in 2020. The cost of sanitation (sewerage, purification, sanitation and discharge fees) decreased by 2.1% to €0.76.

Origin of the water collected

66.4% of the volume captured by companies and public bodies that supply water came from surface water in 2022. 24.3% was from underground water and the remaining 9.3% came from other kinds of water (desalinated sea or saltwater).

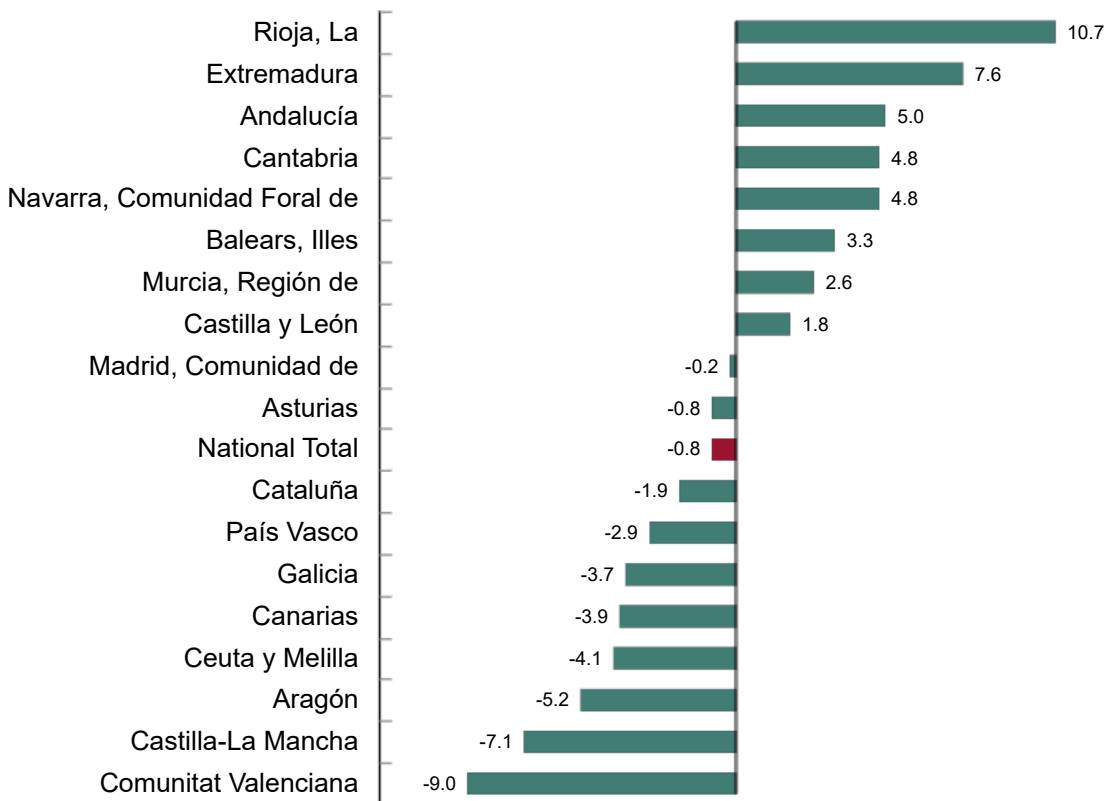
Results by Autonomous Communities

The autonomous communities that most increased the volume of water recorded and distributed to users during 2022 were La Rioja (10.7%), Extremadura (7.6%) and Andalucía (5.0%).

In contrast, those that saw the greatest reduction were Comunitat Valenciana (-9.0%), Castilla-La Mancha (-7.1%) and Aragón (-5.2%).

Biennial variation of volumes recorded and distributed to users by Autonomous Community. 2020-2022

(%)



Current press release at: <https://www.ine.es/dyngs/Prensa/en/ESSA2022.htm>

The Autonomous Communities that distributed the greatest volume of water were Andalucía (19.1% of the total), Cataluña (14.1%) and Comunidad de Madrid (13.8%). At the other extreme were La Rioja (0.9%), Cantabria (1.6%) and Comunidad Foral de Navarra (1.8%).

By type of user, Andalucía was the autonomous community with the greatest consumption of water recorded and distribution of water to households (19.7% of the total) and to the economic sectors (17.4%). For its part, Comunidad de Madrid recorded the highest municipal consumptions (21.8% of the total).

Average household water consumption by Autonomous Community

The highest average water consumptions in 2022 were in Cantabria (187 litres per inhabitant and day), Castilla y León (146) and Principado de Asturias (143).

On the other hand, the lowest averages were recorded in País Vasco (85 litres per inhabitant per day), Aragón (110) and Cataluña (113).

Average household water consumption by Autonomous Communities and Cities. Year 2022



	Litres per inhabitant and day	Biennial variation (in %)
Andalucía	140	1.4
Aragón	110	-21.8
Asturias, Principado de	143	4.9
Balears, Illes	126	7.1
Canarias	115	-8.7
Cantabria	187	11.8
Castilla y León	146	1.4
Castilla-La Mancha	134	36
Cataluña	113	-9.7
Comunitat Valenciana	139	-12.9
Extremadura	127	5.5
Galicia	128	-1.6
Madrid, Comunidad de	125	-3.2
Murcia, Región de	133	-12.8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	130	7.7
País Vasco	85	-14.1
Rioja, La	119	-4.2
Ceuta and Melilla	147	17
National average consumption	128	-3.9

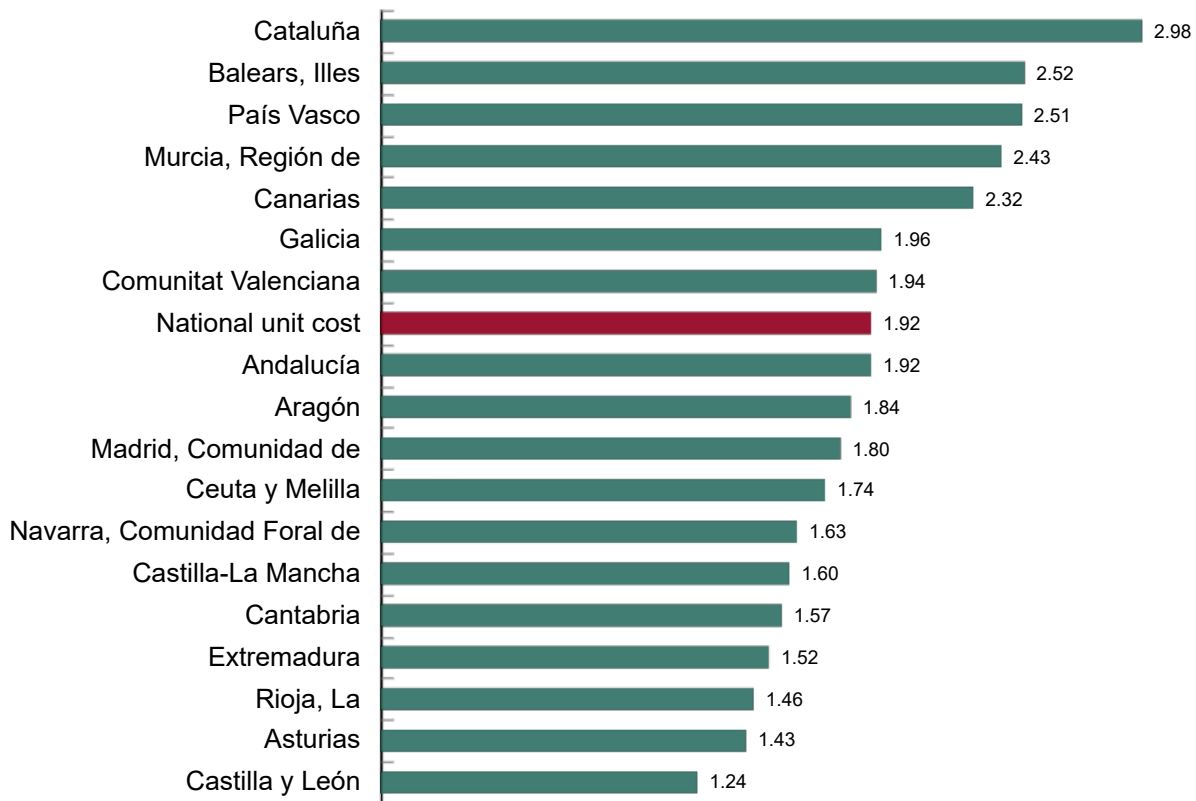
Unit cost of water by Autonomous Community

The highest figures for the unit cost of water in 2022 were in Cataluña (2.98 euros per cubic metre), Illes Balears (2.52) and País Vasco (2.51).

On the other hand, Castilla y León (1.24 euros), Principado de Asturias (1.43) and La Rioja (1.46) recorded the lowest.

Unit cost of water by Autonomous Community. Year 2022

(euros/m³)



Revisions and data updates

The data published today are final. All results of this operation are available on [INEBase](#).

Current press release at: <https://www.ine.es/dyngs/Prensa/en/ESSA2022.htm>

Methodological note

The main objective of the Statistics on Water supply and Sewerage is to quantify in physical units and value in economic magnitudes the activities relating to what is termed the comprehensive water cycle, comprising water supply and treatment (sewerage system and filtering of waste water).


In addition, it provides the necessary information to meet the demand of national and international organisations, companies in the sector and public administration agencies.

The information obtained is integrated with the data provided by the industrial and service surveys carried out by the INE in order to have a more complete view of the water situation in our economy. Synthesis indicators are also developed to facilitate the interpretation of the results obtained for users.

For more information, you can access the [methodology](#) and the [standardised methodological report](#).

INE statistics are produced in accordance with the Code of Good Practice for European Statistics. More information on [Quality at INE](#) and [Code of Best Practices](#).

For further information see [INEbase](#)

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